



The 7th

Mission Idea Contest

For Deep Space Science and Exploration



Mission

ACE

- Apophis Close Encounter -

Y. Liao, Y. C. Chen, E. P. Chu, C. L. He, C. Hwang, I. L. Lai,
T. C. Lin, P. Y. Liu, Y. S. Liu, Y. Ou, E. Shih

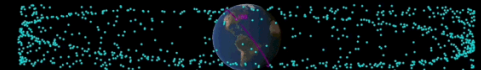
Nov. 2021

Target

99942 Apophis (the god of chaos)



- Close Encounter (CE) on **2029.04.13** (Friday)
- How close?
~ **36700 ± 9000 km** above Earth surface (almost GEO orbit)



A once-per-thousand-year event!!!

Rationale

Potentially Hazardous Asteroid (PHA):

- Min. orbital intersection distance < 0.05 AU (~19.5 lunar distance)
- Diameter ≥ 140 m
- Potential city killer (cf. Tunguska: 200-m obj. destroyed 2000-km² forest)
- Rich in resources (e.g., Fe, Ni, Co, Ge, ...)
- Key to the planetary formation

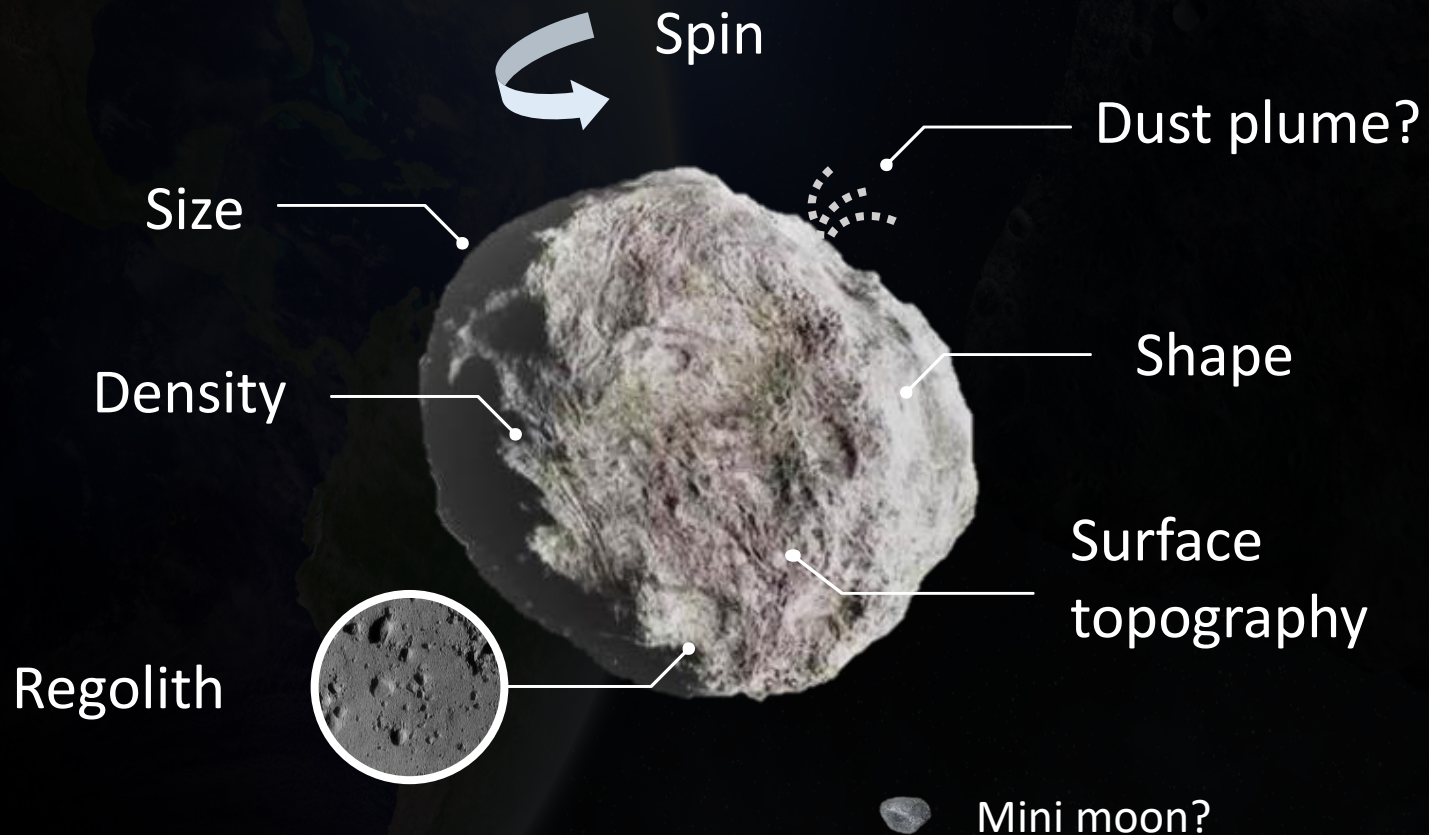
An extraordinary chance to inform planetary science & defense

The solar elongation of Apophis will restrain ground-based obs. immediately from the day of CE until Sep. 2029

In-situ observation is needed!!!

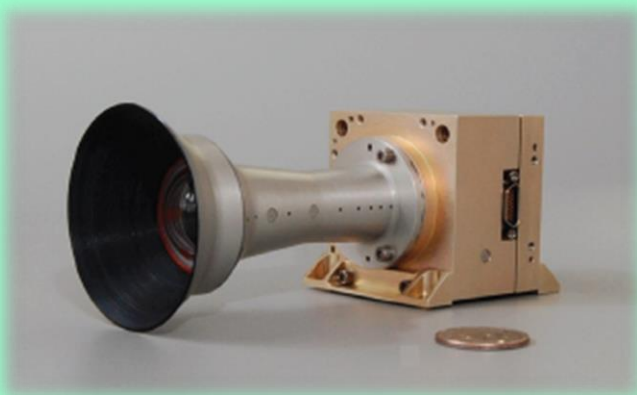
Objectives

- A physical check of Apophis in situ **before/after** the CE:



Payload

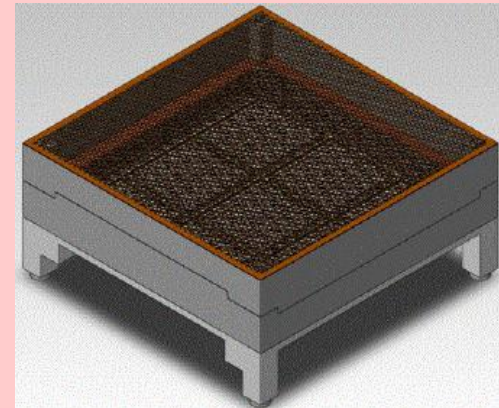
Imager



MSSS/ECAM-C50

- 400 – 750 nm
- 25° x 19° FOV
- 256 g, 78 x 58 x 44 mm
- size, shape, rotation, albedo, terrain, regolith, ...

Dust Detector

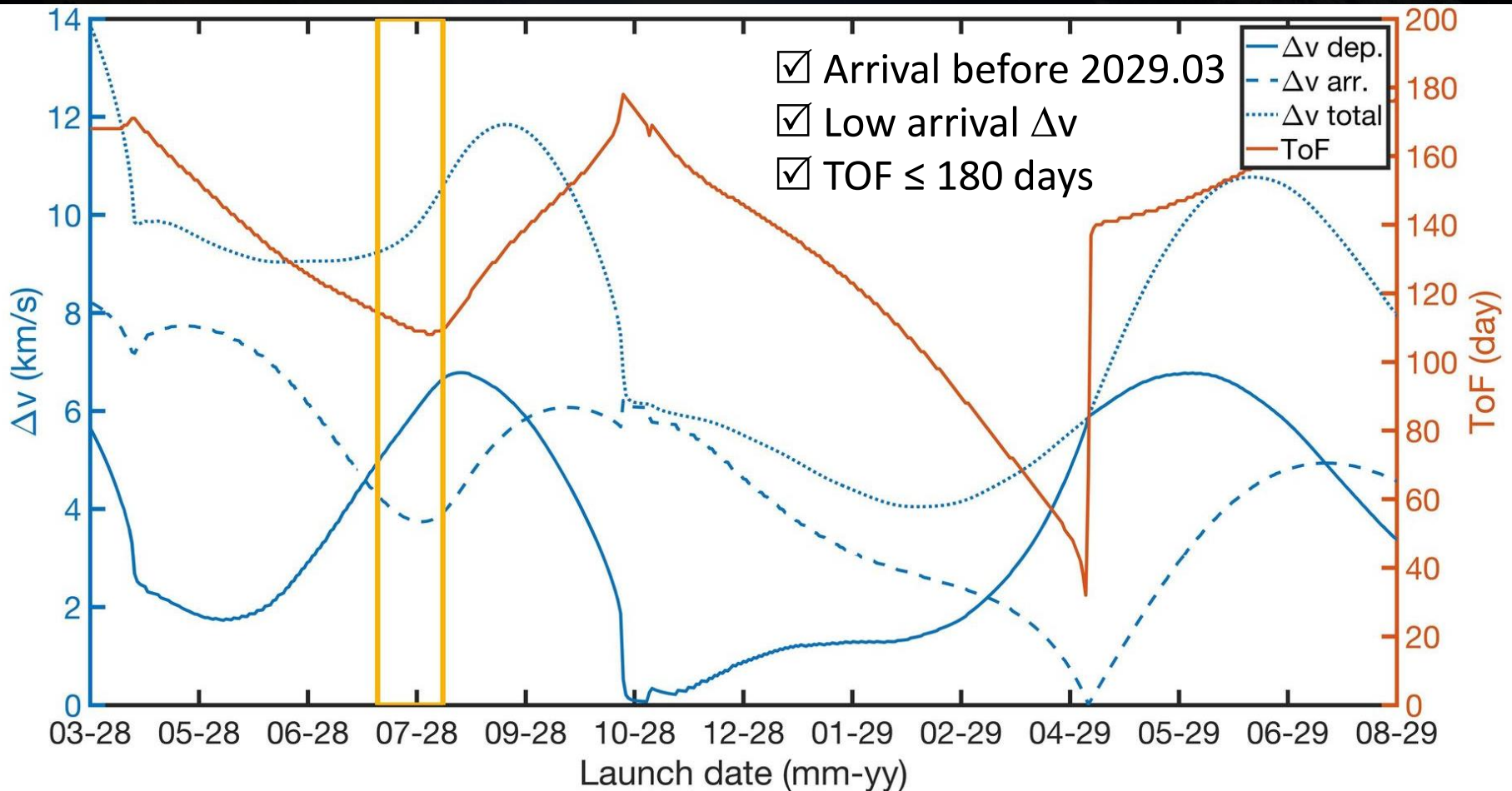


Piezo Dust Detector

- $A_{\text{detector}} \sim 2600 \text{ mm}^2$
- $1 \mu\text{m} - 1 \text{ mm}$, $V_{\text{max}} = 10 \text{ km/s}$
- 500 g, 80 x 80 x 40 mm
- dust & debris monitoring
[Wolf et al., 2012]

Launch Window

- Best between July 16th – August 10th, 2028



Concept of Operations

Rendezvous & Approach

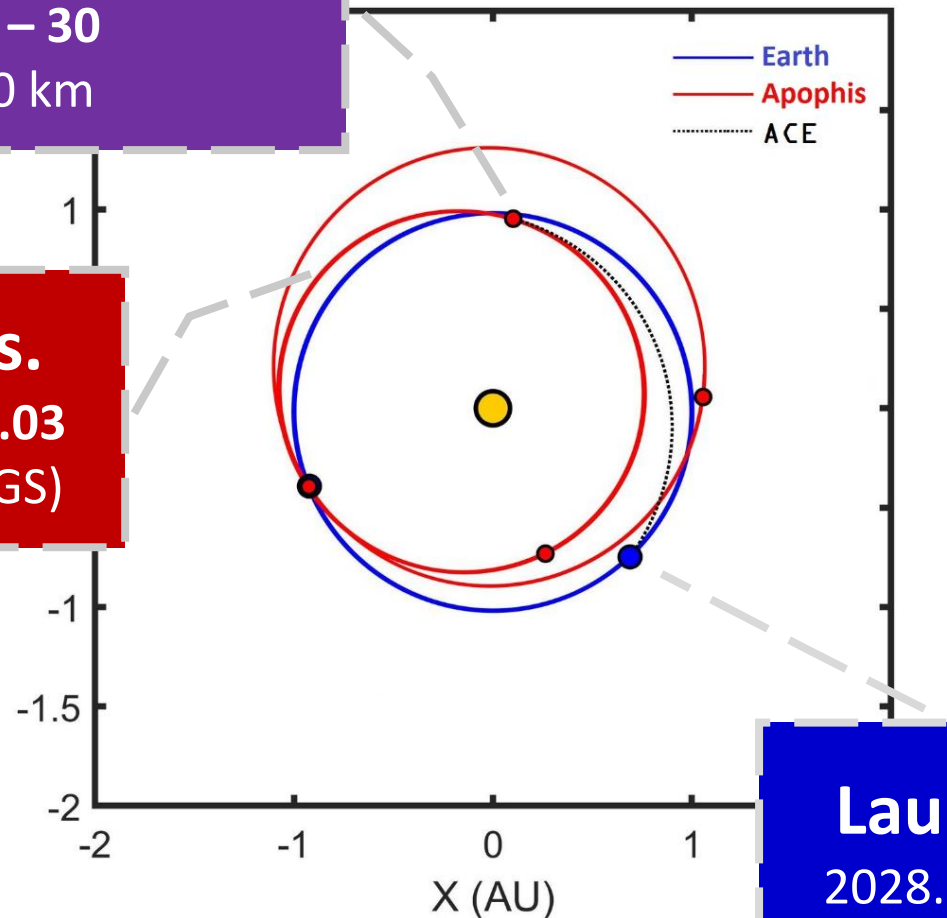
2028.11.21 – 30

50 km → 10 km

Pre-CE Obs.

2028.12 – 2029.03

Global Survey (GS)



Launch
2028.08.05

Concept of Operations

- In Pre-CE Observation (and Post-CE Obs.):

GS1: co-orbit

10 km, 55 days
Bulk properties



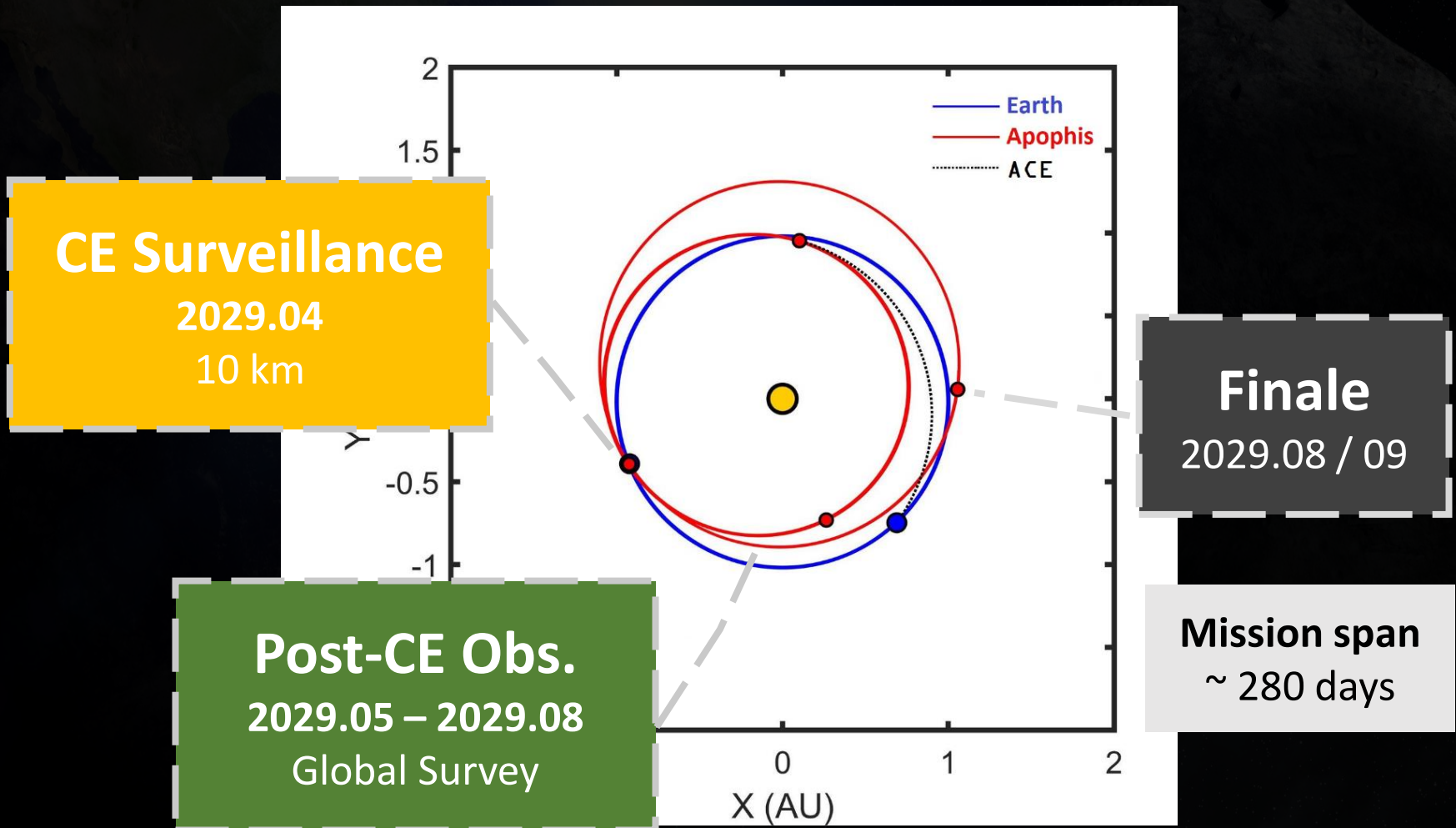
GS2: orbit

2.5 km, 55 – 56 days
Surface features



Note: The distance and the size of spacecraft are not to scale.

Concept of Operations



Concept of Operations

- Operation modes:

Phase 1: Deploy ACE & Earth escaping



Booting mode
Detumbling mode
Communication mode
Safe mode

Cruising mode
Propulsion mode
Communication mode
Safe mode

Phase 2: cruising and retard

Phase 3: Arrival & Mission



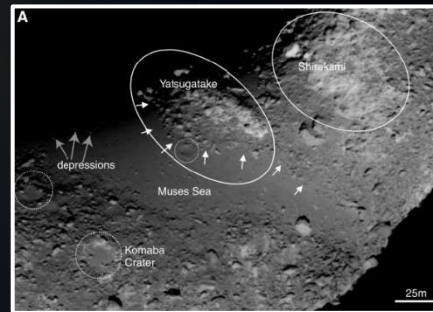
Propulsion mode
Communication mode
Mission mode
Safe mode

Key Performance Parameters

- Image resolution

1.7 m/px

40 cm/px



→ Surface features of Itokawa with image resolution ~ 70 cm/px. (Saito et al., 2006)

GS1

GS2

Pre-CE Obs.

CES

Post-CE Obs.

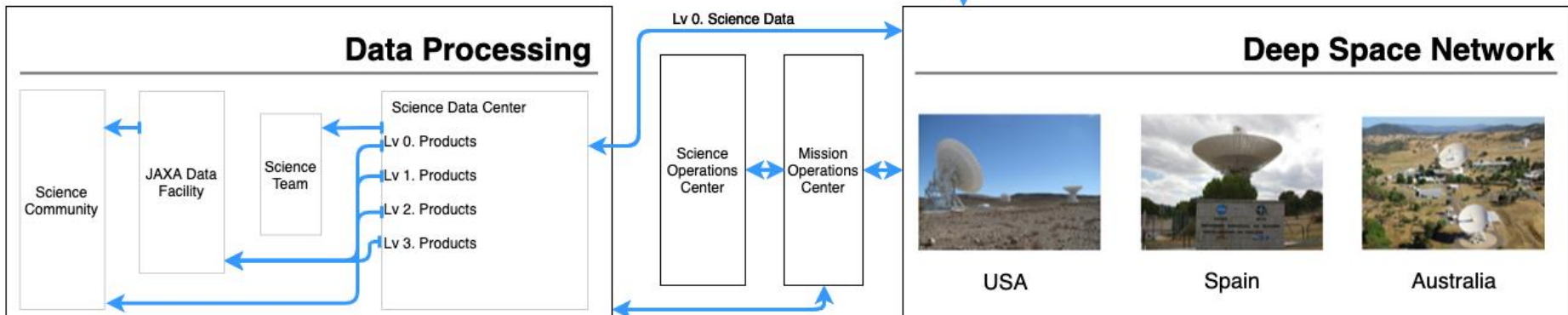
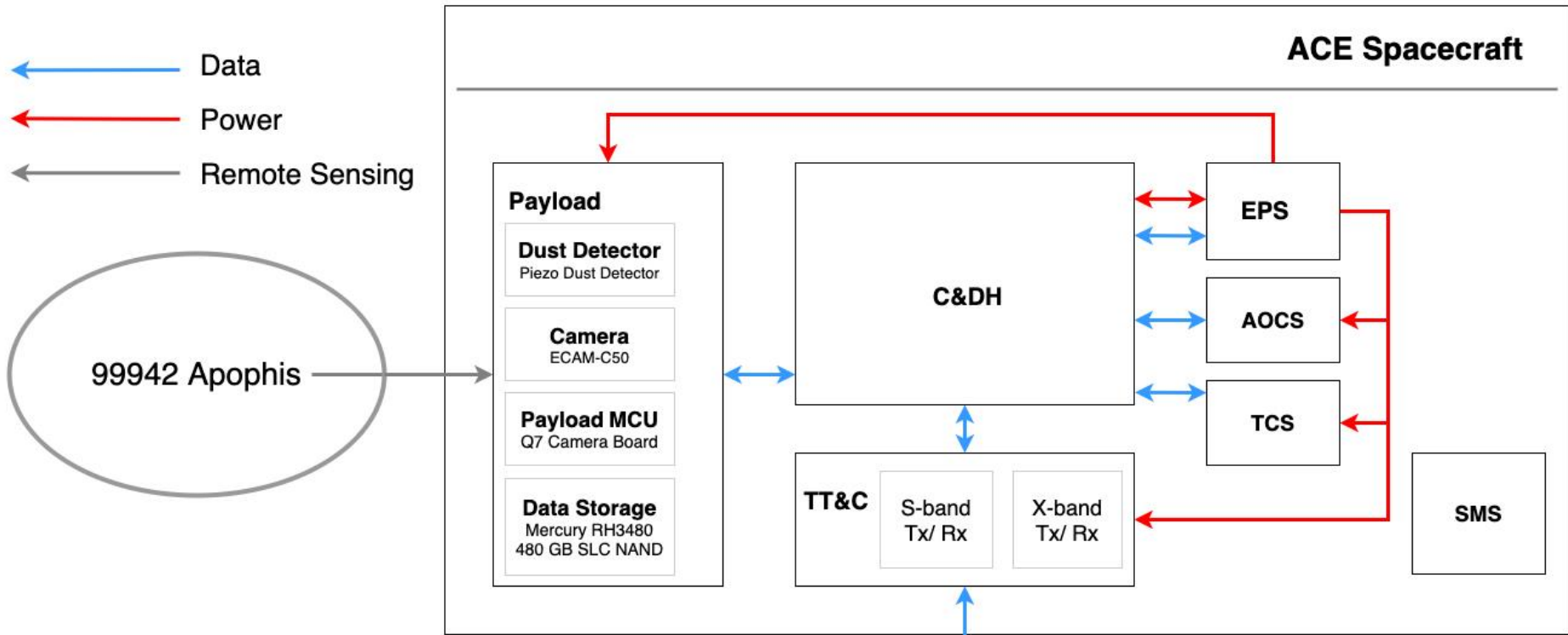
- Image S/N: ~ 100
- Accuracy of attitude determination: $\pm 0.001^\circ$

80 kbps
 ~ 4 d

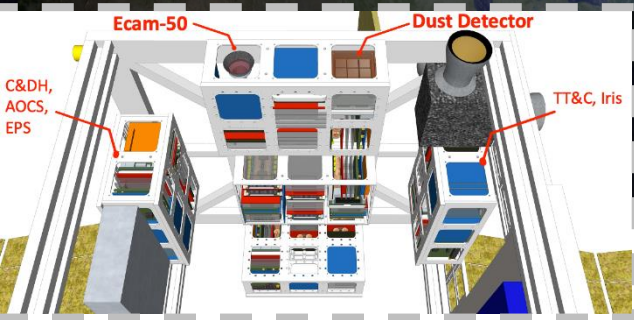
3 kbps
 ~ 70 d

- Communication rate

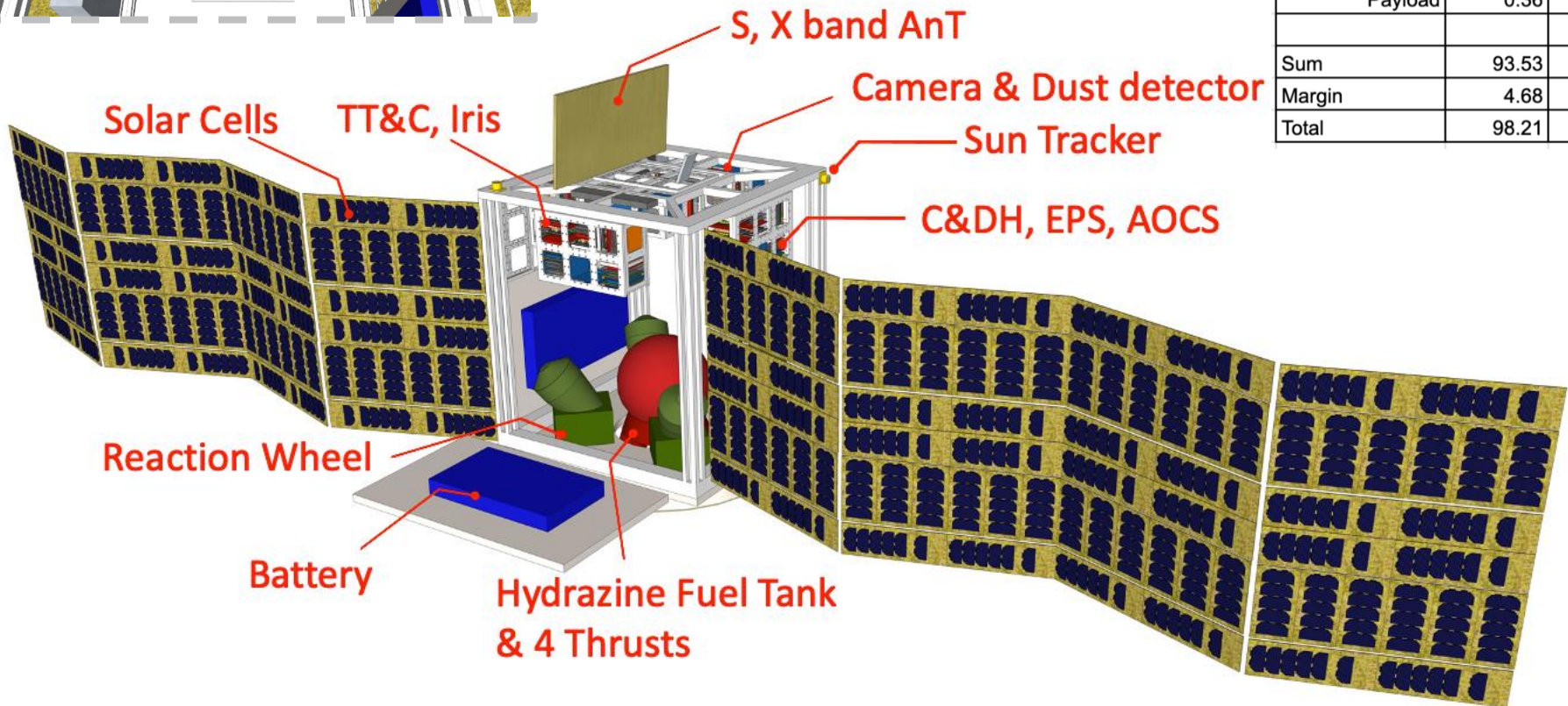
Space Segment



Space Segment

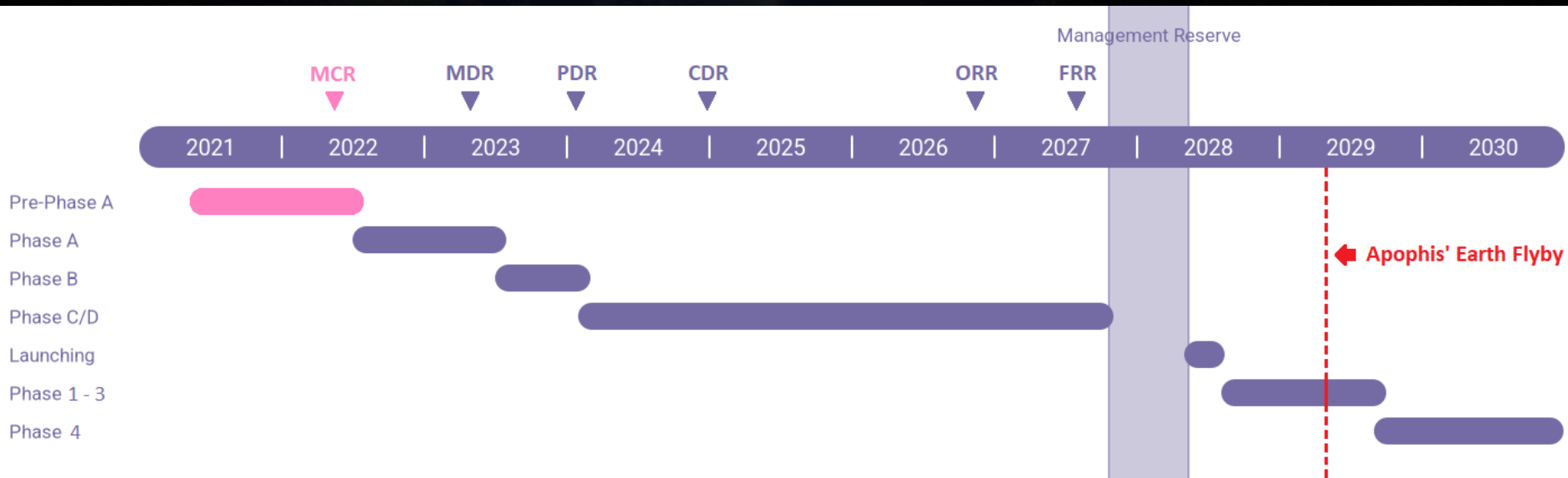


ACE Subsystem	Mass (kg)	Power (W)
SMS	39.65	0
TCS	3.82	10
AOCS	19.2	26.75
EPS	24.8	10
C&DH	0.9	2
TT&C	4.8	50
Payload	0.36	3.5
Sum	93.53	102.25
Margin	4.68	20.45
Total	98.21	122.7



Implementation Plan

- Leading organization: TIPSSSE
- Potential partners: NCU, NCKU, TSU, NSPO
- Estimated cost: 2,082,500 USD (s/c only)
- Timeline:



Summary

ACE has the potential to:

- Characterize the PHA Apophis with an imager and a dust detector to address key constraints to planetary defense and asteroid science
- Demonstrate a relatively low-cost and short-duration investigation capability for a small spacecraft
- Stimulate the scientific research and technological capabilities of industrial sectors in Taiwan



Thank you
ありがとうございました

